NGC 20-11

OCT 1 4 2020

NEVADA GAMING COMMISSION
CARSON CITY NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA

BEFORE THE NEVADA GAMING COMMISSION

NEVADA GAMING CONTROL BOARD,

Complainant,

VS.

SSM GAMING, LLC, dba SSM GAMING

Respondent.

COMPLAINT

The State of Nevada, on relation of its NEVADA GAMING CONTROL BOARD (BOARD), Complainant herein, by and through its counsel, AARON D. FORD, Attorney General, and JOHN S. MICHELA, Senior Deputy Attorney General, hereby files this Complaint before the Nevada Gaming Commission (Commission) for disciplinary action against SSM GAMING, LLC, dba SSM GAMING, herein, pursuant to Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 463.310(2), and alleges as follows:

JURISDICTION

- 1. Complainant, BOARD, is an administrative agency of the State of Nevada duly organized and existing under and by virtue of Chapter 463 of NRS and is charged with the administration and enforcement of the gaming laws of this State as set forth in Title 41 of NRS (Nevada Gaming Control Act) and the Regulations of the Commission.
- 2. RESPONDENT, SSM GAMING, LLC, dba SSM GAMING (RESPONDENT), located at 4160 South Durango Drive, Suite 140, Las Vegas, Nevada currently holds a nonrestricted gaming license as an operator of a slot machine route, and, as such, is charged with the responsibility of complying with all of the provisions of the Nevada Gaming Control Act and the Regulations of the Commission.

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RELEVANT LAW

- 1. The Nevada Legislature set forth the importance of the gaming industry to the State of Nevada and its responsibility to the State's inhabitants in NRS 463.0129(1), which provides as follows:
 - (a) The gaming industry is vitally important to the economy of the State and the general welfare of the inhabitants.
 - (b) The continued growth and success of gaming is dependent upon public confidence and trust . . . that establishments which hold restricted and nonrestricted licenses where gaming is conducted and where gambling devices are operated do not unduly impact the quality of life enjoyed by residents of the surrounding neighborhoods

(c) Public confidence and trust can only be maintained by strict regulation of all persons, locations, practices, associations and activities related to the operation of licensed gaming establishments....

(d) All establishments where gaming is conducted and where gaming devices are operated . . . must therefore be licensed, controlled and assisted to protect the public health, safety, morals, good order and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State, to foster the stability and success of gaming and to preserve the competitive economy and policies of free competition of the State of Nevada.

(e) To ensure that gaming is conducted honestly, competitively and free of criminal and corruptive elements, all gaming establishments in this state must remain open to the general public and the access of the general public to gaming activities must not be restricted in any manner except as provided by the Legislature.

NRS 463.0129(1).

- 2. To ensure proper oversight and control over the gaming industry, the Nevada Legislature has granted the Commission "full and absolute power and authority to limit, condition, restrict, revoke or suspend any license . . . or fine any person licensed . . . for any cause deemed reasonable by the Commission." NRS 463.1405(4).
- 3. The BOARD is authorized to observe the conduct of licensees in order to ensure that gaming operations are not being operated in an unsuitable manner or by an unqualified or unsuitable person. NRS 463.1405(1) and Nev. Gaming Comm'n Reg. 5.040.

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1. Any person who the Commission determines is qualified to receive a license, to be found suitable or to receive any approval required under the provisions of this chapter, or to be found suitable regarding the operation of a charitable lottery under the provisions of chapter 462 of NRS, having due consideration for the proper protection of the health, safety, morals, good order and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State of Nevada and the declared policy of this State, may be issued a state gaming license, be found suitable or receive any approval required by this chapter, as appropriate. The burden of proving an applicant's qualification to receive any license, be found suitable or receive any approval required by this chapter is on the applicant.

2. An application to receive a license or be found suitable must not be granted unless the Commission is satisfied

that the applicant is:

(a) A person of good character, honesty and integrity;

(b) A person whose prior activities, criminal record, if any, reputation, habits and associations do not pose a threat to the public interest of this State or to the effective regulation and control of gaming or charitable lotteries, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair or illegal practices, methods and activities in the conduct of gaming or charitable lotteries or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto; and

(c) In all other respects qualified to be licensed or found suitable consistently with the declared policy of the State.

3. A license to operate a gaming establishment or an inter-casino linked system must not be granted unless the applicant has satisfied the Commission that:

(a) The applicant has adequate business probity, competence and experience, in gaming or generally; and

(b) The proposed financing of the entire operation is:

(1) Adequate for the nature of the proposed operation; and

(2) From a suitable source.

Any lender or other source of money or credit which the Commission finds does not meet the standards set forth in subsection 2 may be deemed unsuitable.

4. An application to receive a license or be found suitable constitutes a request for a determination of the applicant's general character, integrity, and ability to participate or engage in, or be associated with gaming or the operation of a charitable lottery, as appropriate. Any written or oral statement made in the course of an official proceeding of the Board or Commission by any member thereof or any witness testifying under oath which is relevant to the purpose of the proceeding is absolutely privileged and does not impose liability for defamation or constitute a ground for recovery in any civil action.

8. Any person granted a license or found suitable by the Commission shall continue to meet the applicable standards and qualifications set forth in this section and any other qualifications established by the Commission by regulation. The failure to continue to meet such standards and qualifications constitutes grounds for disciplinary action.

NRS 463.170(1)-(4) and (8).

- 5. The burden of proving a licensee's qualifications to continue to hold a license rests at all times on the licensee. Nev. Gaming Comm'n Reg. 5.040.
- 6. Nevada Gaming Commission Regulation 5.010(1) states that "[i]t is the policy of the Commission and the Board to require that all establishments wherein gaming is conducted in this state be operated in a manner suitable to protect the public health, safety, morals, good order and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State of Nevada."
- 7. Nevada Gaming Commission Regulation 5.010(2) states that "[r]esponsibility for the employment and maintenance of suitable methods of operation rests with the licensee, and willful or persistent use or toleration of methods of operation deemed unsuitable will constitute grounds for license revocation or other disciplinary action."
- 8. Nevada Gaming Commission Regulation 5.011 states, in relevant part, as follows:
 - 1. The Board and the Commission deem any activity on the part of a licensee, registrant, or person found suitable by the Commission, or an agent or employee thereof, that is inimical to the public health, safety, morals, good order, or general welfare of the people of the State of Nevada, or that would reflect or tend to reflect discredit upon the State of Nevada or the gaming industry, to be an unsuitable method of operation and shall be grounds for disciplinary action by the Board and the Commission in accordance with the Nevada Gaming Control Act and the regulations of the Commission. The following acts or omissions, without limitation, may be determined to be unsuitable methods of operation:

(a) Failure to exercise discretion and sound judgment to prevent incidents which might reflect on the repute of the State of Nevada and act as a detriment to the development of the industry.

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(h) Failure to comply with or make provision for compliance with all federal, state, or local laws and regulations and with all conditions and limitations approved by the Commission relating to the operations of a licensed gaming establishment or other gaming business

. . .

(k) Failure to conduct gaming operations in accordance with proper standards of custom, decorum, and decency, or permit a type of conduct in a gaming establishment that reflects or tends to reflect on the repute of the State of Nevada and act as a detriment to the gaming industry.

. . .

2. The Commission, in the exercise of its sound discretion, may make its own determination as to whether or not a licensed gaming establishment or other gaming business has failed to comply with a law or regulation described in paragraph (h) of subsection 1, but any such determination shall make use of established precedents when interpreting the applicable statute. Nothing in this section affects the right of a licensee to judicial review.

Nev. Gaming Comm'n Reg. 5.011(1)(a), (h), and (k), and (2).

- 9. NRS 463.335 provides, in relevant part:
 - 2. A person may not be employed as a gaming employee unless the person is temporarily registered or registered as a gaming employee pursuant to this section. An applicant for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee must file an application for registration or renewal of registration with the Board. Whenever a registered gaming employee, whose registration has not expired, has not been objected to by the Board, or has not been suspended or revoked becomes employed as a gaming employee at another or additional gaming establishment, the registered gaming employee must file a change of employment notice within 10 calendar days with the Board. The application for registration and change of employment notice must be filed through the licensee for whom the applicant will commence or continue working as a gaming employee, unless otherwise filed with the Board as prescribed by regulation of the Commission. [Effective through June 30, 2019].
 - 2. A person may not be employed as a gaming employee unless the person is temporarily registered or registered as a gaming employee pursuant to this section. An applicant for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee must file an application for registration or renewal of

registration with the Board. Whenever a registered gaming employee, whose registration has not expired, has not been objected to by the Board, or has not been suspended or revoked:

- (a) Becomes employed as a gaming employee at another or additional gaming establishment; or
 - (b) If the registered gaming employee:
- (1) Is a security guard and is employed in an unarmed position, becomes employed in an armed position; or
- (2) Is not a security guard and becomes employed as a security guard in an unarmed or armed position,
- the registered gaming employee must file a change of employment notice within 10 calendar days with the Board. The application for registration and change of employment notice must be filed through the licensee for whom the applicant will commence or continue working as a gaming employee, unless otherwise filed with the Board as prescribed by regulation of the Commission. [Effective July 1, 2019].
 - 3. The Board shall prescribe the forms for the application for registration as a gaming employee and the change of employment notice.
 - 4. A complete application for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee or a change of employment notice received by a licensee must be mailed or delivered to the Board within 5 business days after receipt unless the date is administratively extended by the Chairman of the Board for good cause. A licensee is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of any application for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee or any change of employment notice. [Effective through June 30, 2019]
 - 4. A complete application for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee or a change of employment notice received by a licensee must be submitted to the Board before the applicant may commence or continue working as a gaming employee. A licensee is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of any application for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee or any change of employment notice. [Effective July 1, 2019].
 - 7. Except as otherwise prescribed by regulation of the Commission, an applicant for registration or renewal of registration as a gaming employee is deemed temporarily registered as a gaming employee as of the date a complete application of registration or renewal of registration is submitted to the licensee for which he will commence or continue working as a gaming employee. Unless objected to by

the Board or suspended or revoked, the initial registration of an applicant as a gaming employee expires 5 years after the date employment commences with the applicable licensee. Any subsequent renewal of registration as a gaming employee, unless objected to by the Board or suspended or revoked, expires 5 years after the expiration date of the most recent registration or renewal of registration of the gaming employee.

NRS 463.335 (2), (3), (4) and (7).

- 10. Nevada Gaming Commission Regulation 5.101 provides as follows: "No person shall be employed as a gaming employee unless such person is temporarily registered or registered as a gaming employee in accordance with NRS 463.335 and these regulations." Nev. Gaming Comm'n Reg. 5.101.
- 11. Nevada Gaming Commission Regulation 5.105 states, in relevant part, as follows:
 - 1. A nonrestricted licensee shall not knowingly employ any person as a gaming employee unless such person is temporarily registered or registered as a gaming employee. A licensee shall check, and may rely on, the system of records maintained by the Board to verify the temporary registration, registration or eligibility of a person seeking employment as a gaming employee with such licensee.

12. On or before the fifteenth (15th) day of each month, each licensee shall enter a termination date for all gaming employees terminated or separated from service within the preceding month into the Board's online gaming employee registration system. With regard to persons required to register pursuant to section 5.320, such entry shall include a truthful statement of the reason(s) for each termination and resignation and any additional information regarding the termination or resignation requested by the Chair.

Nev. Gaming Comm'n Reg. 5.105 (1) and (12).

12. Nevada Gaming Commission Regulation 5.030 provides as follows:

Violation of any provision of the Nevada Gaming Control Act or of these regulations by a licensee, the licensee's agent or employee shall be deemed contrary to the public health, safety,

morals, good order and general welfare of the inhabitants of the State of Nevada and grounds for suspension or revocation of a license. Acceptance of a state gaming license or renewal thereof by a licensee constitutes an agreement on the part of the licensee to be bound by all of the regulations of the Commission as the same now are or may hereafter be amended or promulgated. It is the responsibility of the licensee to keep informed of the content of all such regulations, and ignorance thereof will not excuse violations.

Nev. Gaming Comm'n Reg. 5.030.

- 13. Nevada Revised Statute 463.310 states in relevant part as follows:
 - 1. The Board shall make appropriate investigations:

(a) To determine whether there has been any violation of this chapter or chapter 462, 464, 465 or 466 of NRS or any regulations adopted thereunder.

(b) To determine any facts, conditions, practices or matters which it may deem necessary or proper to aid in the

enforcement of any such law or regulation.

2. If, after any investigation the Board is satisfied that:

(a) A license, registration, finding of suitability, preliminary finding of suitability, pari-mutuel license or prior approval by the Commission of any transaction for which the approval was required or permitted under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 462, 464 or 466 of NRS should be limited, conditioned, suspended or revoked; or

(b) A person or entity which is licensed, registered, found suitable pursuant to this chapter or chapter 464 of NRS or which previously obtained approval for any act or transaction for which Commission approval was required or permitted under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 464 of

NRS should be fined,

→ the Board shall initiate a hearing before the Commission by filing a complaint with the Commission in accordance with NRS 463.312 and transmit therewith a summary of evidence in its possession bearing on the matter and the transcript of testimony at any investigative hearing conducted by or on behalf of the Board.

NRS 463.310(1)(a) and (b), and (2).

BACKGROUND

14. On or about July 30, 2014, the BOARD issued a violation letter (Violation Letter) to RESPONDENT concerning gaming employee registration violations. The Violation Letter noted four gaming employees of RESPONDENT had not been registered with the BOARD.

15. The Violation Letter set out that RESPONDENT hired Barbara Thibodeau
on September 13, 2002, and did not register her as a gaming employee until July 14
2014. Thus, Ms. Thibodeau worked as a gaming employee for RESPONDENT for
approximately eleven years and ten months without being registered as a gaming
employee.

- 16. The Violation Letter set out that RESPONDENT hired Samuel Escobido on October 29, 2012, and did not register him as a gaming employee until July 14, 2014. Thus, Mr. Escobido worked as a gaming employee for RESPONDENT for approximately one year and nine months without being registered as a gaming employee.
- 17. The Violation Letter set out that RESPONDENT hired Mary Ann Matej on August 13, 2007, and did not register her as a gaming employee until July 14, 2014. Thus, Ms. Matej worked as a gaming employee for RESPONDENT for approximately six years and eleven months without being registered as a gaming employee.
- 18. The Violation Letter set out that RESPONDENT hired Robert Nelson on September 17, 2012, and did not register him as a gaming employee until July 14, 2014. Thus, Mr. Nelson worked as a gaming employee for RESPONDENT for approximately one year and ten months without being registered as a gaming employee.
- 19. The Violation Letter set out that RESPONDENT failed to submit monthly hire reports of gaming employees from January of 2004, when the requirement went into effect, until July of 2014.
- 20. All gaming was closed in Nevada from 11:59 p.m. on March 17, 2020, through June 4, 2020, pursuant to Emergency Directives issued by Steve Sisolak, Governor of Nevada.

COUNT ONE VIOLATION OF NEVADA REVISED STATUTE 463.335 AND NEVADA GAMING COMMISSION REGULATIONS 5.011, 5.101, AND/OR 5.105

21. The BOARD realleges and incorporates the above paragraphs by reference as though set forth in full herein.

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34. This constitutes an unsuitable method of operation, and, as such, is grounds for disciplinary action. See Nev. Gaming Comm'n Regs. 5.010(2), 5.011 and 5.030.

COUNT THREE

<u>VIOLATION OF NEVADA REVISED STATUTE 463.335 AND</u> <u>NEVADA GAMING COMMISSION REGULATIONS 5.011, 5.101, AND/OR 5.105</u>

- 35. The BOARD realleges and incorporates the above paragraphs by reference as though set forth in full herein.
- 36. RESPONDENT registered Ms. Matej as a slot machine mechanic on or about July 14, 2014.
 - 37. Ms. Matej's gaming employee registration expired on July 14, 2019.
- 38. Ms. Matej's continued working as a gaming employee for RESPONDENT through at least March 17, 2020, approximately 8 months, with an expired gaming employee registration.
 - 39. Ms. Matej's gaming employee registration was renewed on May 14, 2020.
- 40. RESPONDENT's actions as set out above are a violation of Nevada Revised Statute 463.335 and Nevada Gaming Commission Regulations 5.011, 5.101, and/or 5.105. This constitutes an unsuitable method of operation, and, as such, is grounds for disciplinary action. See Nev. Gaming Comm'n Regs. 5.010(2), 5.011 and 5.030.

COUNT FOUR

<u>VIOLATION OF NEVADA REVISED STATUTE 463.335 AND</u> NEVADA GAMING COMMISSION REGULATIONS 5.011, 5.101, AND/OR 5.105

- 41. The BOARD realleges and incorporates the above paragraphs by reference as though set forth in full herein.
- 42. RESPONDENT registered Mr. Nelson as a slot machine mechanic on or about July 14, 2014.
 - 43. Mr. Nelson's gaming employee registration expired on July 14, 2019.
- 44. RESPONDENT terminated Mr. Nelson's employment with RESPONDENT on March 18, 2020.
- 45. Mr. Nelson worked as a gaming employee for RESPONDENT during this approximately 8-month period with an expired gaming employee registration.

46. RESPONDENT's actions as set out above are a violation of Nevada Revised Statute 463.335 and Nevada Gaming Commission Regulations 5.011, 5.101, and/or 5.105. This constitutes an unsuitable method of operation, and, as such, is grounds for disciplinary action. See Nev. Gaming Comm'n Regs. 5.010(2), 5.011 and 5.030.

COUNT FIVE

VIOLATION OF NEVADA REVISED STATUTE 463.335 AND NEVADA GAMING COMMISSION REGULATIONS 5.011, 5.101, AND/OR 5.105

- 47. The BOARD realleges and incorporates the above paragraphs by reference as though set forth in full herein.
- 48. RESPONDENT terminated Mr. Nelson's employment with RESPONDENT on March 18, 2020.
- 49. RESPONDENT failed to enter a termination date for Mr. Nelson into the Board's online gaming employee registration system by April 15, 2020.
- 50. RESPONDENT did not enter a termination date for Mr. Nelson into the Board's online gaming employee registration system until May 8, 2020.
- 51. RESPONDENT's actions as set out above are a violation of Nevada Revised Statute 463.335 and Nevada Gaming Commission Regulations 5.011, 5.101, and/or 5.105. This constitutes an unsuitable method of operation, and, as such, is grounds for disciplinary action. See Nev. Gaming Comm'n Regs. 5.010(2), 5.011 and 5.030.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, based upon the allegations contained herein, which constitute reasonable cause for disciplinary action against RESPONDENT, pursuant to NRS 463.310 and/or NGC Regulations 5.010, 5.011, and/or 5.030, the Board prays for relief as follows:

- 1. That the Commission serve a copy of this Complaint on RESPONDENT pursuant to NRS 463.312(2);
- 2. That the Commission fine RESPONDENT a monetary sum pursuant to the parameters defined at NRS 463.310(4) for each separate violation of the provisions of the Nevada Gaming Control Act or the Regulations of the Commission;

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1	3. That the Commission take action against RESPONDENT'S licenses
2	pursuant to the parameters defined in NRS 463.310(4); and
3	4. For such other and further relief as the Commission may deem just and
4	proper.
5	DATED this 14th day of October , 2020.
6	NEVADA GAMING CONTROL BOARD
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8	SANDRA MORGAN, Chairwoman
9	Tana a Oakis and
10	TERRY JOHNSON, Member
11	Pllip Gladen
12	PHILIP KATSAROS, Member
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